TALK BOTH OF SENATE AND HOUSE.

nate Resumes Con- Flying Machines and sideration of Panama Canal.

shington, Jan. 27.-The Senate dings today included a speech by mmons (N. C.) in support of the na canal treaty, and the passage number of bills and resolutions. Immons was the first Democratic to favor the measure on the of the Senate.

ng the bills passed was one ng to citizens of Porto Rico and Hopines the right to take adof the naturalization laws of untry, but Mr. Spooner moved sider the vote, which prevailed. resolution authorizing the Comon Privileges and Elections to upon an investigation into the against Reed Smoot of Utah used after being amended so as authorize the committee to sit the Congressional recess.

PANAMA MATTERS.

the resolution on the Panama situation, introduced by Mr. was laid before the Senate Mr. ns (N. C.) spoke in support of nel treaty, being the first atic Senator to take an open on that side of the controversy. ced his conviction that both the Spooner act and under his al treaty making powers, the lent had authority to enter into try with Panama, after it became dependent state, for the constructhe canal via the Panama route e is much in his conduct in these tions of which I disapprove, I regard as improvident and un-as rash and dangerous to the and welfare of this country; as any to the traditional policy of Government in its dealings with nations, especially those on this sphere and as not calculated to nce us in the affections and esteem her nations. I do not think, how-that everything the Président did ds connection was wrong. From sottom of my heart I would be for the honor of my country if I reconcile all of his acts in this action with my notions of right law, but I cannot and be honest myself. I am bound to say, and e no pleasure in saying it, that the of the President both in conwith the revolution in Panama recognition of its independence say the least, hasty, rash and us to the peace and welfare of

TO PROTECT AMERICANS. Simmons said he believed that resident and the Secretary of State d be relieved of all charge of com-y in the Panama revolt. declared that he did not believe

possession of information con-an approaching revolution be accepted as discrediting the of the President, and added: entire deference to the views of on this side of the chamber who differ with me in this opinion, I that the statement of the Presi-in this case should be accepted. In the President knew of the ing revolution in Panama, and his duty, in view of imminent on, to have on the ground a force to protect the lives and of American citizens. This he of American citizens. if he had done no more than ty under the law.

siderable discussion followed of a roylding means for citizens of Rico and the Philippines to becitizens of the United States. The was developed that citizens of Rico, the Philippines and other ries similarly situated with refer-to the United States have no s of becoming naturalized as citithe United States, and are in that respect worse off than ple of other countries.

Pettus suggested that the Island orto Rico should be made a Terri-and Mr. Foraker said he had not objection to a measure with end in view as some of his col-les. The bill was passed, but Mr. ier entered a motion to reconsider. went over.

DESERT LAND ENTRIES.

bill for the relief of persons who the first payment for desert land the act of March 3, 1877, and who unable to perfect their entries, taken up. It provides for the repayto the entryman of the 25 cents ere so paid, and was opposed by derry, who quoted the report of the tary of the Interior as saying thousands of acres of land had taken up fraudulently under the tand law and turned over to

Spooner found fault with the bill be it was not indorsed by the lary of the Interior and moved mmittal of the bill to the comon public lands, and this motion

following bills were passed: Au-ing the Secretary of the Interior fore to rublic entry lands em-I in segregations for reservoirs; fixing the Recorder of the General Office to issue certified copies of s, records, etc.; extending to the at Denver, San Francisco and orleans the privilege of coining coins; establishing a life saving m at Nome, Alaska; granting 50, cres of public land each in the of Idaho and Wyoming for the enance of soldiers homes. Senate went into executive ses-13.55 and at 4.50 adjourned.

Postal Appointments.

thington, Jan. 23.—The President topla-Lucetta Wood, Point Rich-John Parson, Hope."

druggists guarantee every bottle of perlain's Cough Remedy and will the money to anyone who is not ed after using two-thirds of the ats. This is the best remedy in forld for la grippe, coughs, colds. and whooping cough and is pleasind safe to take. It prevents any y of a cold to result in pneu-

Other Matters in

Washington, Jan. 27 .- General debate in the House on the urgent deficiency bill digressed to a discussion of political topics, the race question and aerial navigation.

the House.

Mr. Burkett (Neb.) led off with a discussion of the political situation from a Republican standpoint, and Mr. Cochran (Mo) spoke for the Democrats. Mr. Hardwick (Dem., Ga.) made an extended address on the race problem.

A discussion of flying machines was precipitated by the report of the Appropriation committee, who recommended the tabling of a resolution calling on the Secretary of War asking for information as to expenditures that have been made with flying machine tests. Messrs. Hitchcock (Dem., Neb.), author of the resolution, and Mr. Rob-inson (Dem., Ind.) spoke in opposition to the resolution. The resolution was

Mr. Hemenway (Ind.), from the Committee on Appropriations, reported the resolution requesting the Secretary of War for a statement showing the amount of money disbursed by his department in promotion of flying machine experiments and construction, with a recommendation by the committee that it be laid upon the table.

FOR ECONOMY'S SAKE.

Mr. Hitchcock, author of the resolution, contended against extravagance. He asked why a modern Darlus Green should be established at national expense and insisted that the information sought in his resolution should be fur-nished the House.

Mr. Robinson (Ind.) said. "We should strike directly at that queer scheme of aerial navigation whereby a scientific promoter, encouraged by executive offi-cers, if not by Congress, raised the high expectation of public and his demands for money, only to have the venture

He added: "We should stay the hand of wasteful adventure and strike down such costly bubbles as Langley airships and air castles and rescue the innocent public from such dreams."

On his motion the resolution was laid on the table.

The House went into committee of

the whole on the urgent deficiency bill. Mr. Burkett (Neb.), speaking on party issues, said the Democrats would not know whether they will take free silver or the gold standard until after their convention at St. Louis and they learn who is to control the party-the gentle-man from Nebraska or the reorganiz-Asked how much of the \$500,000 had been expended in the prosecution of the trusts Mr. Burkett said that all was necessary

Mr. Landis (Ind.) remarked that It was \$25,000 more than had ever been expended by the Democrats for that

The paramount issue of the Republican party, declared Mr. Burkett, is and always had been the development of the country and the welfare of the

CLEVELAND'S POLICY.

Mr. Cochran (Mo.), replying to Mr. Burkett, paid his respects to J. Pier-pont Morgan. The financial policy in-augurated by President Cleveland, he said, emanated from no political party then and since then had been the advisers of Presidents, and who had by their vicious financial legislation of 1893 and up to 1896 brought upon this great continent the desolution of a desert, and have now followed it up by plun-dering every man of small means and every small investor in their neighbor-hood.

Mr. Hardwick (Ga.), speaking on the race problem, rejoiced at the happy re-lation now existing between the North and South. He said the South yielded to no section in loyalty and in that spirit he invoked consideration of the muestion. The negroes, he said, constitute about 36 per cent of the voting population in eleven of the Southern

States.
The committee arose at 5:15. At 5:33 the House adjourned until tomorrow.

NEW PENSION MEASURE

Bill That Will Put Money in Pockets of War Vets.

month; 66 years, \$10 per month, and 70 years, \$12 per month. In addition to the shove rates, his bill gives to the men who erved two years or more an additional served two years or more an additional increase of \$2 per month in each of the above classes. The bill increases the minimum of pensions allowed to \$3 per month instead of \$6, which will increase the pensions of \$15,394 soldiers who are now on the roles at \$5 per month.

The bill further provides that the pensions of widows who were married to soldiers prior to January 1, 150, and who are now on the rolls drawing \$8 shall be increased to \$12. Heretofore the law has been that they could not get \$12 unless their husbands died of disease contracted in the service,

the service.

This bill will give an increase to the men who served ninety days, and increases for the men who fought through the entire war, and also increases the sentions of the widows who married the soldiers during or immediately following the war.

The 1904 City Directory.

Polic's Sait Lake City Directory for 1904 is about ready for press. Secre-taries of societies, clubs, etc., pastors of churches and all others interested are requested to write, or call at the Directory office at once in order to insure correct insertion of their informaion. W. P. COOPER, S 617-620 Dooly building. W. P. COOPER, Sec. and Mgr.

OLD SALARIES STAND

City Attorney Dey Rules Against Increase Pay.

According to an opinion rendered yesterday by City Attorney C. C. Dey none of the officials elected in the recent municipal election can pull down the increased salaries provided for in the revised ordinances. The opinion also holds that all deputies in city offices who were appointed prior to the passage of the new ordinances are not entitled to the increased pay. Consequently the city officials who hold their consitions by the suffrage of the citizens cannot draw the increased salaries, while the deputies who have been appointed since the first of the year are entitled to the higher compensation provided for in the new ordinances. All eads of departments who were ap-cointed prior to January 28, 1903; must ontinue under the old salary schedules. The opinion of the City Attorney
was rendered in compliance with a request from City Auditor Charles B.
Felt, who asked for light on the subject. Mr. Felt's letter to the City Attorney follows:

LETTER FROM AUDITOR FELT. Dear Sir:—Will you kindly advise me as o the legal status of the ordinance of or-linances passed by the late City Council on December, 1903, relative to the salaries of city officers, deputies, et al., as appli-able to present incumbents of those offices.

Can this office legally issue warrants to the present city officers, deputies, et al. in accordance with the salaries fixed by ordinance in December Inst?

CITY ATTORNEY'S OPINION.

The communication from the City Attorney to Mr. Felt follows in full:

In reply to your favor of the 20th inst., asking "can this office legally issue warrants to the present city officers, deputies et al., in accordance with the salarles fixed by ordinances in December last." I beg to advise you that the question must be answered by section 225, Revised Statutes, which applies to "all officers of any city," and inasmuch as the State Supreme court in at least three cases, in construing that section, has said: "There is no ambiguity in the language used. It is plain that the intention of the Legislature was to prohibit any change of the salary of a city officer after his election or appointment, to take effect during the time for which he was elected or appointed. By this law you are governed. All officers elected or appointed prior to December 28, 1928, the date the revised ordinances went into effect, are to receive the salary in force at the time of their election or appointed on or subsequent to December 28, 1928, the date the revised ordinances.

As noticed, section 225, Revised Statutes, applies only to "all officers." This brings us to the further question as to the rule applicable to distinguish officers from simple servants or employees. In general any person whose duty it is to perform an agency for the city is a city officer. All deputies are city officers, stenographers are not, and should the question arise as to clerks of boards and other doubtful positions in respect to this question, I would like to be advised before venturing an opinion. The communication from the City Atorney to Mr. Felt follows in full:

AT THE HOTELS.

Arrivals at the Cullen yesterday were. W. L. Naught, Deuver, E. Engdehl and wife, Ploche, Neb.; B. H. Bornen, Provo; A. I. Anderson, Evanston; R. A. Mahoney, Omaha; O. F. Phillip, wife and family, Alliance, Neb.; W. H. Frye, Price. NEW WILSON EUROPEAN.

NEW WILSON EUROPEAN.
Yesterday's arrivals at the New Wilson European C. B. Bussell, Seattle; T.
J. Pardioc, Harry L. Allers, Irene Bouton, Charles W. Towsley, E. B. Burckfield, H. F. Nelson, Denver; D. Jackson,
Utah; Andrew Wilkle and wife, Califorria; A. G. Hellowell, Evansville, Ind.; C.
S. Sears, Evansville, Ind.; R. W. Crockett, J. P. Pratt, Price; W. J. Sparks, Geo,
B. Smith, Jr., Provo; C. E. Green, Tooele;
M. L. Teal, J. R. Jarvis, J. A. Craig,
Mercur; Andrew John, Sunnyside; C. B.
Cook, Chicago; T. J. Stocks, Warren; L.
C. Dougherty, St. Louis; C. H. Miller, Pocatello; Charles P. Ruffner, Telluride; B.
Bank, Butte; J. H. Hayden, Spokane; H.
S. Alvard, manager Mrs. Langtry company Mrs. I. H. Cook, J. C. Lynch, F.
C. Miller, Ogden; S. H. Stock, Kansas
Citty; E. W. Clark, Ophir.

COUNTY PEOPLE AROUSED.

Working and Holding Mass Meetings in the Interest of Consolidating School Districts.

A great deal of interest has been aroused throughout the entire county over the proposed consolidation of the school districts and mass meetings are being held in nearly all the districts for the discussion of the proposition. The matter has been stirred up by County Superintendent Ashton, who has de-voted much energy to carrying the plan through. There is no doubt as to the benefits in a better gradation of the schools and a more equitable distribution of the school taxes to be derived, and the County Commissioners are heartly in favor of the consolidation. The sentiment in the county has been divided on the matter. Some of the dis-tricts advocate the change in the boun-Washington. Jan. 27.—Representative Sulloway of New Hampshire, chairman of the Committee on Invalid Pensions, to-day introduced a distinctly service and old age pension bill, which will give to sach soldier who served ninety days and the county authorates and the mass meetings being held in the districts are for the purpose of in the districts are for the purpose of dary lines, while other strenuously op-pose any alteration. The Commission-ers cannot make the changes until next in the districts are for the purpose of feeling the pulse of the communities in regard to the question.

WINE of FOR WOMEN

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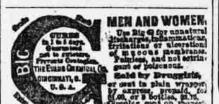
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